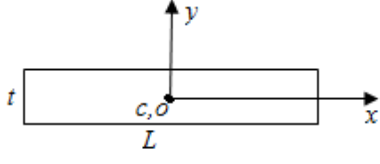
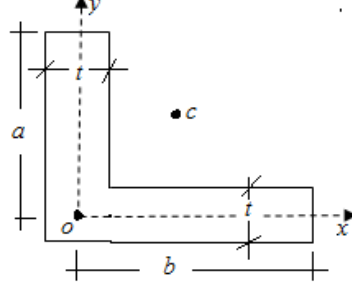
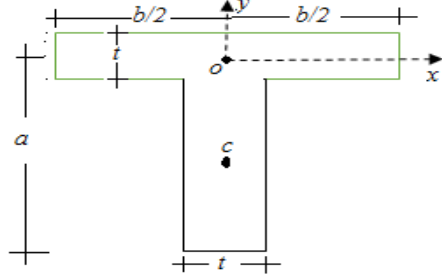
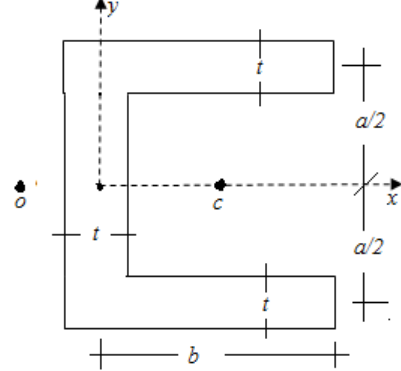
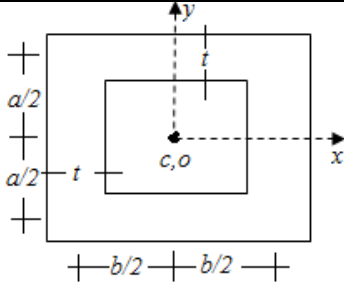
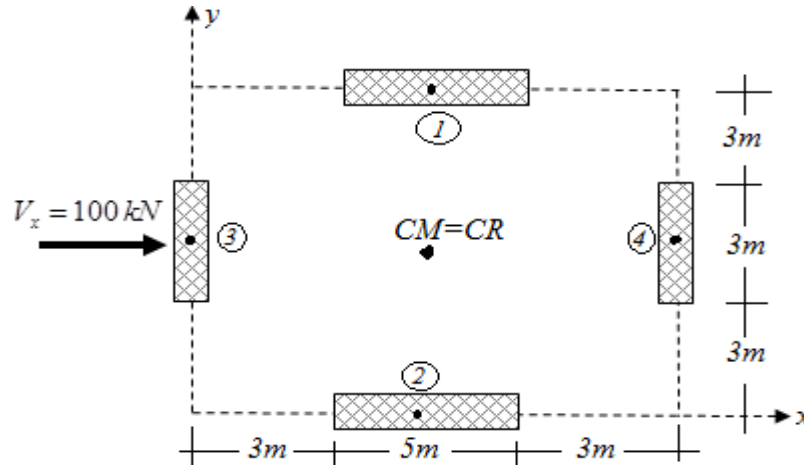


Table 5.1: Centroid (C), Shear Center (O) and Moment of Inertia (I) for d/t shape of shear walls

Shape of shear walls	Centroid	Shear Center	Moment of Inertia
	$\bar{x} = 0$ $\bar{y} = 0$	$x = 0$ $y = 0$	$\bar{I}_x = I_x = \frac{L \cdot t^3}{12}$ $\bar{I}_y = I_y = \frac{t \cdot L^3}{12}$
	$\bar{x} = \frac{b^2}{2(a+b)}$ $\bar{y} = \frac{a^2}{2(a+b)}$	$x = 0$ $y = 0$	$\bar{I}_x = \frac{a^3 \cdot t(a+4b)}{12(a+b)}$ $\bar{I}_y = \frac{b^3 \cdot t(b+4a)}{12(a+b)}$
	$\bar{x} = 0$ $\bar{y} = \frac{a^2}{2(a+b)}$	$x = 0$ $y = 0$	$\bar{I}_x = \frac{a^3 \cdot t}{12} \left[ 1 + \frac{(3ab)}{(a+b)^2} \right]$ $\bar{I}_y = \frac{b^3 \cdot t}{12}$
	$\bar{x} = \frac{b^2}{a+2b}$ $\bar{y} = 0$	$x = \frac{3b^2}{a+6b}$ $y = 0$	$\bar{I}_x = \frac{a^2 \cdot t}{12} [a+6b]$ $\bar{I}_y = \frac{b^3 \cdot t}{3} \left[ \frac{2a+b}{a+2b} \right]$
	$\bar{x} = 0$ $\bar{y} = 0$	$x = 0$ $y = 0$	$\bar{I}_x = \frac{a^2 \cdot t}{6} [a+3b]$ $\bar{I}_y = \frac{b^2 \cdot t}{6} [b+3a]$

**E.g. 5.1. (Symmetrical shear assembly)**

The floor plan of a shear wall system shown below is subjected to a storey shear  $V_x=100kN$ . Distribute the storey shear to the shear walls. Use wall thickness,  $t= 200 mm$ .



**Soln:** - 1) Center of Stiffness ( $X_s, Y_s$ )

For a symmetrical shear assembly, center of mass and center of stiffness coincides.

$$CR = (X_s, Y_s) = (5.5, 4.5)$$

The floor plan only translates in the direction of  $V_x$  and there is no twisting effect on the plan.

2) Distribution of storey shear ( $V_{ix}, V_{iy}$ )

$$V_{ix} = \frac{V_x \cdot I_{yi}}{\sum I_{yi}} ; V_{iy} = \frac{V_y \cdot I_{xi}}{\sum I_{xi}}$$

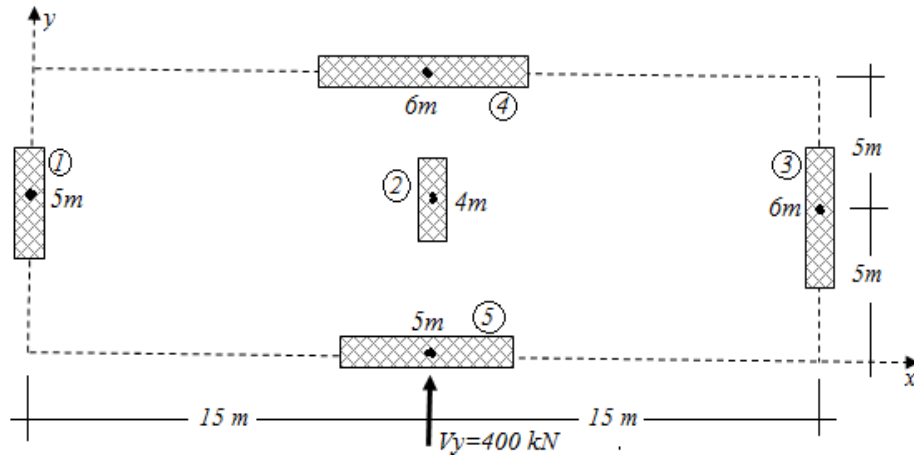
$$V_x = 100kN ; V_y = 0$$

Shear wall	$I_{xi}$	$I_{yi}$	$V_{ix}$	$V_{iy}$
1	0	2.0833	50	0
2	0	2.0833	50	0
3	0.45	0	0	0
4	0.45	0	0	0
$\sum$	0.9	4.17		

Thus,  $V_{1x} = 50kN ; V_{2x} = 50kN$  and  
 $V_{1y} = 0 ; V_{2y} = 0$

**E.g. 5.2. (Unsymmetrical shear assembly)**

The figure below shows a floor plan of a shear wall multi storey structure. The horizontal shear in the storey under consideration is  $V_y=400kN$  acting along the center of the building. Determine the portion of lateral load resisted by each shear wall. Use thickness of wall  $t= 300 mm$ .



**Soln:** 1) Center of Stiffness ( $X_s, Y_s$ )

$$x_s = \frac{\sum (I_{xi} \cdot x_i)}{\sum I_{xi}} ; y_s = \frac{\sum (I_{yi} \cdot y_i)}{\sum I_{yi}} ; I_{xi} = \frac{bh^3}{12} ; I_{yi} = \frac{hb^3}{12}$$

$x_i, y_i$  the distance of the shear center of wall  $i$  from origin of chosen coordinate system.

Shear wall	$x_i$	$y_i$	$I_{xi}$	$I_{yi}$	$I_{xi} \cdot x_i$	$I_{yi} \cdot y_i$
1	0	5	3.125	0	0	
2	15	5	1.6	0	24	0
3	30	5	5.4	0	162	0
4	15	10	0	5.4	0	54
5	15	0	0	3.125	0	0
$\Sigma$			10.125	8.525	186	54

$$x_s = \frac{\sum (I_{xi} \cdot x_i)}{\sum I_{xi}} = \frac{186}{10.125} = 18.37m$$

$$y_s = \frac{\sum (I_{yi} \cdot y_i)}{\sum I_{yi}} = \frac{54}{8.525} = 6.33m$$

2) Eccentricities ( $e_x$  and  $e_y$ ) and Torsional Moment ( $T_s$ )

$$CR = (X_s, Y_s) = (18.37, 6.33)$$

$$CM = (x_m, y_m) = (15, 5)$$

$$e_x = x_s - x_m = 18.37 - 15 = 3.37m$$

$$e_y = y_s - y_m = 6.33 - 5 = 1.33m$$

$$T_s = V_y \cdot e_x = 400 \text{ kN} (3.37m) = 1348 \text{ kNm}$$

3) Distribution of the storey shear ( $V_{ix}$ ,  $V_{iy}$ )

$$V_{iy} = \frac{V_y \cdot I_{xi}}{\sum I_{xi}} + \frac{T_s (I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i)}{\sum [I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2 + I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2]}$$

$$V_{ix} = \frac{V_x \cdot I_{yi}}{\sum I_{yi}} + \frac{T_s (I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i)}{\sum [I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2 + I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2]} = \frac{T_s (I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i)}{\sum [I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2 + I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2]} \quad \text{Because, } V_x = 0$$

$$\text{Where } \bar{x}_i = x_s - x_i = 18.37 - x_i \quad \bar{y}_i = y_s - y_i = 6.33 - y_i$$

Shear wall	$x_i$	$y_i$	$\bar{x}_i$	$\bar{y}_i$	$I_{xi}$	$I_{yi}$	$I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2$	$I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2$
1	0	5	18.37	1.33	3.125	0	1054.55	0
2	15	5	3.37	1.33	1.6	0	18.17	0
3	30	5	-11.63	1.33	5.4	0	730.39	0
4	15	10	3.37	-3.67	0	5.4	0	72.73
5	15	0	3.37	6.33	0	3.125	0	125.22
$\Sigma$					10.125	8.525	1803.11	197.95

$$\sum [I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2 + I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2] = 1803.11 + 197.95 = 2001.06$$

$$V_{1y} = \frac{(400)(3.125)}{10.125} + \frac{(1348)(3.125)(18.37)}{2001.06} = 162.13 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{2y} = \frac{(400)(1.6)}{10.125} + \frac{(1348)(1.6)(3.37)}{2001.06} = 66.84 \text{ kN}$$

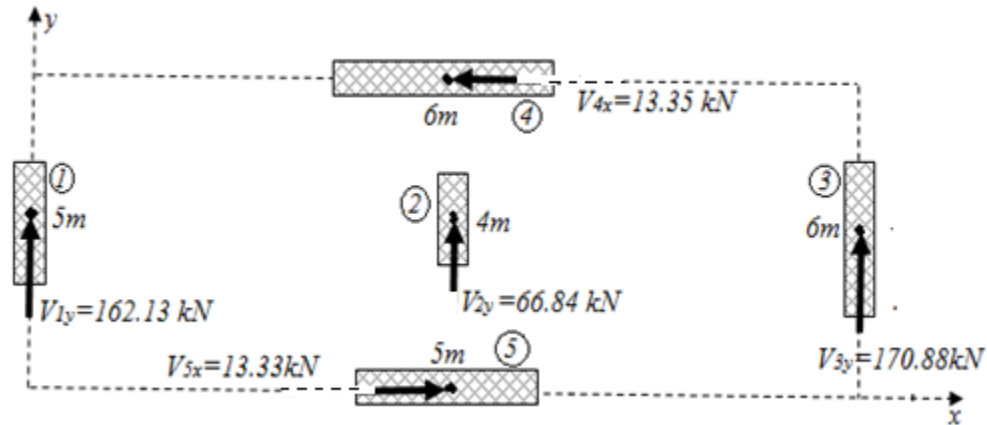
$$V_{3y} = \frac{(400)(5.4)}{10.125} + \frac{(1348)(-11.67)(5.4)}{2001.06} = 170.68 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{4y} = V_{5y} = 0$$

$$V_{1x} = V_{2x} = V_{3x} = 0$$

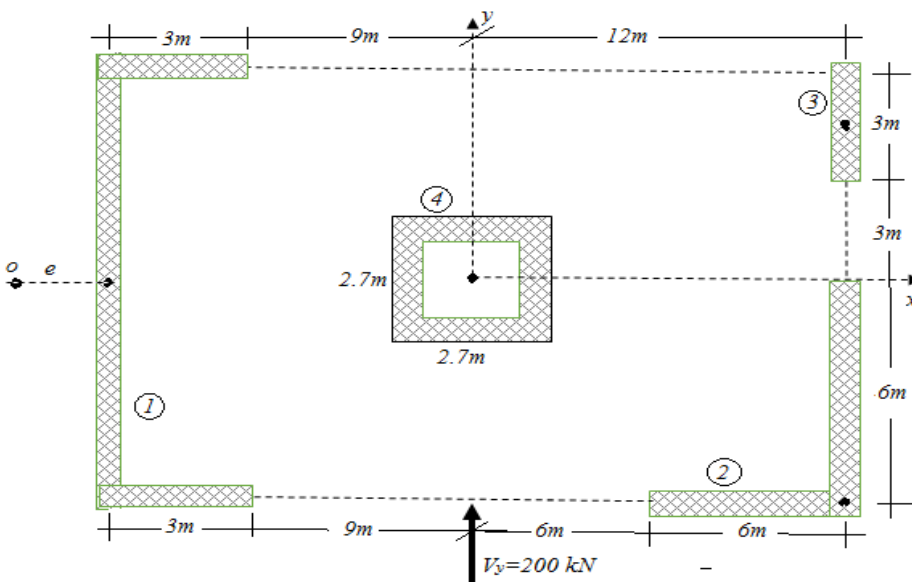
$$V_{4x} = \frac{(1348)(-3.67)(5.4)}{2001.06} = -13.35 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{5x} = \frac{(1348)(6.33)(3.125)}{2001.06} = 13.33 \text{ kN}$$



**E.g. 5.3. (Unsymmetrical shear assembly)**

Distribute the storey shear  $V_y = 200 \text{ kN}$  to various shear walls shown in the floor plan below. Use thickness of wall  $t = 200 \text{ mm}$ .



**Soln:** 1) Center of Stiffness ( $X_s, Y_s$ )

$$x_s = \frac{\sum(I_{xi} \cdot x_i)}{\sum I_{xi}} ; y_s = \frac{\sum(I_{yi} \cdot y_i)}{\sum I_{yi}} ; e = \frac{3b^2}{a + 6b} = \frac{3(3)^2}{12 + 6(3)} = 0.9 \text{ m}$$

Shear wall	$x_i$	$y_i$	$I_{xi}$	$I_{yi}$	$I_{xi} \cdot x_i$	$I_{yi} \cdot y_i$
1	-12.9	0	72	2.7	-928.8	0
2	12	-6	9	9	108	-54
3	12	4.5	0.497	0	5.96	0
4	0	0	2.08	2.08	0	0
$\Sigma$			83.58	13.78	-814.84	-54

$$x_s = \frac{\sum(I_{xi} \cdot x_i)}{\sum I_{xi}} = \frac{-814.84}{83.58} = -9.75m$$

$$y_s = \frac{\sum(I_{yi} \cdot y_i)}{\sum I_{yi}} = \frac{-54}{13.78} = -3.92m$$

2) Eccentricities ( $e_x$  and  $e_y$ ) and Torsional Moment ( $T_s$ )

$$CR = (X_s, Y_s) = (-9.75, -3.92); \quad CM = (x_m, y_m) = (0, 0)$$

$$e_x = x_s - x_m = -9.75 - 0 = -9.75m; \quad e_y = y_s - y_m = -3.92 - 0 = -3.92m$$

$$T_s = V_y \cdot e_x = 200kN(-9.75m) = -1950kNm$$

3) Distribution the storey shear ( $V_{ix}$ ,  $V_{iy}$ )

$$V_{iy} = \frac{V_y \cdot I_{xi}}{\sum I_{xi}} + \frac{T_s(I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i)}{\sum [I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2 + I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2]}$$

$$V_{ix} = \frac{V_x \cdot I_{yi}}{\sum I_{yi}} + \frac{T_s(I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i)}{\sum [I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2 + I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2]} = \frac{T_s(I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i)}{\sum [I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2 + I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2]} \quad \text{Because } V_x = 0$$

$$\text{Where } \bar{x}_i = x_s - x_i = -9.75 - x_i; \quad \bar{y}_i = y_s - y_i = -3.92 - y_i$$

Shear wall	$x_i$	$y_i$	$\bar{x}_i$	$\bar{y}_i$	$I_{xi}$	$I_{yi}$	$I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2$	$I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2$
1	-12.9	0	3.15	-3.92	72	2.7	714.42	41.49
2	12	-6	-21.75	2.08	9	9	4257.56	38.94
3	12	4.5	-21.75	-8.42	0.497	0	235.11	0
4	0	0	-9.75	-3.92	2.08	2.08	197.73	31.96
$\Sigma$					83.58	13.78	5404.82	112.39

$$\sum [I_{xi} \cdot \bar{x}_i^2 + I_{yi} \cdot \bar{y}_i^2] = 5404.82 + 112.39 = 5517.21$$

$$V_{1y} = \frac{(200)(72)}{83.58} + \frac{(-1950)(72)(3.15)}{5517.21} = 92.13 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{2y} = \frac{(200)(9)}{83.58} + \frac{(-1950)(9)(-21.75)}{5517.21} = 90.73 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{3y} = \frac{(200)(0.497)}{83.53} + \frac{(-1950)(0.497)(-21.75)}{5517.21} = 5.61 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{4y} = \frac{(200)(2.08)}{83.53} + \frac{(-1950)(2.08)(-9.75)}{5517.21} = 12.15 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{1x} = \frac{(-1950)(2.7)(-3.92)}{5517.21} = 3.74 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{2x} = \frac{(-1950)(9)(2.08)}{5517.21} = -6.62 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{3x} = \frac{(-1950)(0)(-8.42)}{5517.21} = 0$$

$$V_{4x} = \frac{(-1950)(2.7)(-3.92)}{5517.21} = 2.88 \text{ kN}$$

